Protocol for Fluoride delivery RCT

Investigators

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Aims

This RCT aims to determine the most effective way of delivering fluoride to orthodontic patients to prevent demineralisation

Population

Patients aged 11-16 years inclusive undergoing orthodontic treatment with fixed appliances **Interventions**

- 1 Twice daily brushing with standard fluoride toothpaste (1450ppm) plus application of fluoride varnish (e.g. Duraphat 22,600ppm) every 3 months,
- 2 Twice daily brushing with standard fluoride (1450ppm) plus application of Tooth Mousse Plus (with Fluoride) applied daily
- 3 Twice daily brushing with high strength (2800ppm) fluoride toothpaste.

Comparisor

Standard regime: twice daily brushing with standard fluoride toothpaste (1450ppm) plus plus daily use of fluoride mouthwash (0.05%; 225ppm).

Outcomes

Primary - The presence of new demineralisation developing on the anterior teeth during fixed orthodontic treatment assessed using white light images and images taken using a QLF-D bi-illuminator.

Secondary - The degree (ΔF) and extent (ΔQ) of enamel demineralisation on the surfaces of teeth.

The plaque score (ΔR) on the surfaces of teeth.

Malocclusion impact questionnaire Patients' perception of WSLs

Implications of results: The results from this study will help inform national and international orthodontic practice to establish the most effective method of preventing demineralisation during orthodontic treatment.